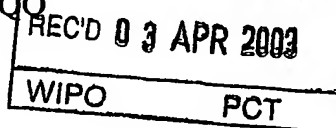




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gwyn 74

The Patent Office
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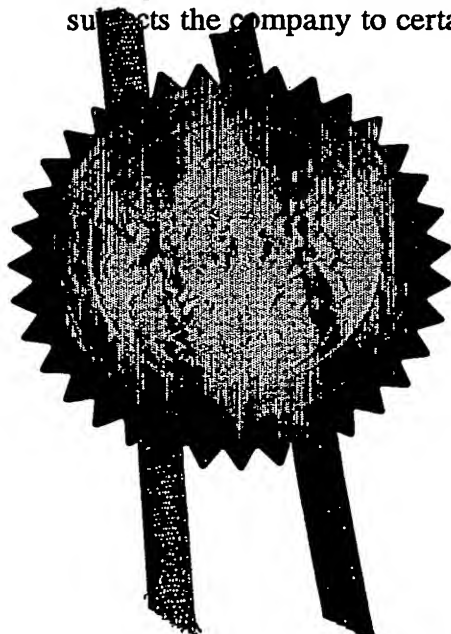
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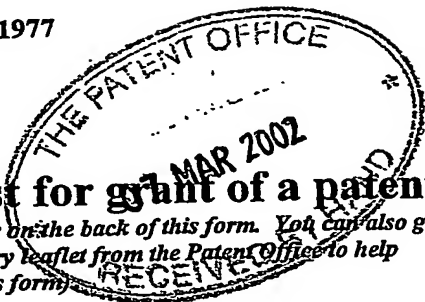
P. Mahoney
21 March 2009

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Request for grant of a patent

(See the notes on the back of this form. You can also get an explanatory leaflet from the Patent Office to help you fill in this form)



7 MAR 2002

The Patent Office

Cardiff Road
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1. Your reference

HL80965/000

08HAR02 E701709-1 002847

P01/7700 0.00-0205424.5

2. Patent application number
(The Patent Office will fill in this part)

0205424.5

3. Full name, address and postcode of the or of each applicant (underline all surnames)

Hoyland Fox Limited
Manchester Road
Millhouse Green
Penistone
Sheffield S36 9NR

6058390002

Patents ADP number (if you know it)
If the applicant is a corporate body, give the country/state of its incorporation

United Kingdom

4. Title of the invention

TILTING UMBRELLA

5. Full name of your agent (if you have one)

Haseltine Lake & Co.

"Address for service" in the United Kingdom to which all correspondence should be sent (including the postcode)

Imperial House
15-19 Kingsway
London WC2B 6UD

34001

Patents ADP number (if you know it)

6. If you are declaring priority from one or more earlier patent applications, give the country and the date of filing of the or of each of these earlier applications and (if you know it) the or each application number

Country

Priority application number
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Date of filing
(day/month/year)

7. If this application is divided or otherwise derived from an earlier UK application, give the number and the filing date of the earlier application

Number of earlier application

Date of filing
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8. Is a statement of inventorship and of right to a grant of patent required in support of this request? (Answer "Yes" if:
a) any applicant named in part 3 is not an inventor, or
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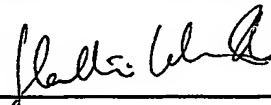
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Statement of inventorship and right to a grant of patent (<i>Patents Form 7/77</i>)	-
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Request for substantive examination (<i>Patents Form 10/77</i>)	-
Any other documents (<i>please specify</i>)	-

11. I/We request the grant of a patent on the basis of this application

Signature



Date

6 March 2002

12. Name and daytime telephone number of person to contact in the United Kingdom

C S Gibbs

[0113] 233 9400

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-1-

TILTING UMBRELLA

5 The present invention relates to an umbrella for use in protection against the sun, wind or rain, having a progressive tilting mechanism with which the top of the umbrella can be orientated into a required position.

10 Prior art tilting mechanisms exist in which the tilting action takes place as the runner reaches its top position, i.e. when the umbrella is completely unfurled. At this point further movement of the runner along the shaft engages a further member associated with the shaft near the tilting joint, causing the tilt to be carried out. In most tilting umbrellas, such as
15 for instance in US 3850186 (Weber et al.), US 4697606 (Ma) or US 5029596 (Tung) the runner first slides on to the upper shaft part, and then tilts with it.

20 There also exist devices of the type shown in US-A-3182673 and others by S. N. Small, where the tilt is above the runner. While these have been known for a long time they involve the disadvantage that the insertion of a considerable number of connecting parts into the shaft is problematic from the manufacturing point of view.

25 The applicant's earlier WO 99/56579 discloses a tilting umbrella wherein the tilting hinge is located above the runner and the tilting action is brought about by movement of the runner, as in the Small patents. However, in contrast to the Small patents the
30 runner pushes a lever connected to and arranged outside the upper shaft part. This avoids the problem of having numerous connecting parts within the shaft and therefore is beneficial from a manufacturing perspective.

35 However, this umbrella and the Small patents suffer the problem that the tilting mechanism is

dependent on the mechanism that opens the umbrella.
Therefore, when the runner is in the position wherein
the cover of the umbrella is fully unfurled, and the
further movement of the runner is transformed into
5 tilting of the umbrella, the tilting travel is against
the cover tension, thereby requiring more effort from
the user.

Embodiments of the present invention aim to
provide an umbrella with a simple and easy-to-use
10 tilting mechanism which overcomes these problems.

The present invention provides an umbrella frame
comprising: a shaft having an upper portion and a lower
portion, the upper portion being connected to the lower
portion in such a way that the upper portion can tilt
15 with respect to the lower portion; a runner slidably
mounted on the lower shaft; and mechanical linking
means linking the runner to the upper portion of the
shaft when the runner is in its upper location, in such
a way as to cause the upper portion of the shaft to
20 tilt when the runner is rotated.

Preferably the mechanical linking means includes a
rotatable element which can be engaged by the runner in
its upper location so that when the runner is rotated
on the lower portion of the shaft the rotatable element
25 is rotated. Preferably also the rotatable element is
in permanent drive connection with the upper shaft, so
that the runner only has to engage in the direction of
rotation.

The mechanical linking means may further comprise:
30 a gear element, having one or more teeth, in the upper
portion of the shaft; a pivot block at the top of the
lower portion for receiving the upper portion of the
shaft in a tiltable manner; and the runner or the
rotatable element may have a substantially helical
35 thread engaging at least one of the teeth on the gear
element, so that when the rotatable element is turned

about the axis of the lower shaft portion, the teeth in the gear element cause the upper portion of the shaft to be tilted.

5 Preferably the rotating element engages with the runner when the runner is slid up the shaft to unfurl the umbrella, so that subsequent rotation of the runner rotates the rotating element and thus tilts the umbrella. The rotating element may engage with the runner with corresponding lugs and tabs, or by use of a
10 cam.

The rotating element may be tubular, having the substantially helical thread on its inside surface, and may be located so that in the assembled state of the umbrella at least part of the pivot block is disposed
15 inside the rotating element permanently, and wherein the gear element is received in the pivot block in such a way that at least one of the one or more teeth protrudes outside the pivot block and engages with the substantially helical thread.

20 The rotating element may alternatively be a worm, located inside the pivot block.

According to another aspect of the invention there is provided a runner for use on an umbrella shaft, and a notch ring, wherein the notch ring is disposed on the
25 runner and can rotate about the runner axis. Preferably the bearing part on the runner can be compressed to allow the notch ring to be assembled.

For a better understanding of the invention reference will now be made to the accompanying drawing,
30 Fig. 1, which shows an exploded view of an umbrella shaft.

Fig. 1 shows an exploded view of an umbrella shaft, having a lower portion 10, upon which a
35 runner 12 is slidably mounted, and an upper portion 14. In the umbrella of Fig. 1 when assembled the upper

portion 14 of the shaft is mounted on the lower portion 10 of the shaft by means which allow it to tilt with respect to the lower portion.

5 The runner 12 comprises: a runner body 16, an annular locking member 18 having a button 20, and a notch ring 22. The end of the body 16 is annular, and on its inside surface there are one or more tabs 24 in the end nearer the upper part 14 of the shaft; the end of this body could also be cam-shaped. In the
10 assembled umbrella of Fig. 1 ribs extend from a notch piece at the top of the upper portion 14 of the shaft; stretchers, likewise not shown, extend from notches on the notch ring 22 to corresponding points part-way along the ribs so as to hold the umbrella open when
15 the runner is in its raised position.

In use the locking member 18 is located coaxially inside the runner body, the button 20 protruding through a suitable opening in the wall of the body 16. The notch ring 22 is located coaxially on the end of
20 the body 16 nearer to the upper portion 14 of the shaft. All the parts shown except the lower shaft 10 can be made of suitable plastics materials.

In the assembled umbrella the upper portion 14 of the shaft is attached to the lower portion by means of
25 a pivot block 26, which is fixed to, and forms the upper end of the lower portion 10, of the shaft. The upper portion 14 of the shaft has a gear element 28, having teeth 30, at the end nearer the lower portion 10 of the shaft. The gear element 28 is mounted in an
30 opening in the pivot block 26 by means of a bar 32, so that the upper portion 14 of the shaft can rotate in the (vertical) plane of the teeth 30, and so that some of the teeth 30 protrude from the opening. A tubular rotating element 34 having a helical thread 36 on its
35 inside surface fits over the pivot block 26, so that at least some of the protruding teeth 30 engage with the

helical thread 36 and the gear element, and hence the pivot end of the upper shaft portion, is held captive on the pivot block. Since some of the teeth always engage with the rotating element there is no need to engage the teeth to tilt the umbrella; the user only needs to engage the runner body with the rotating element. In order to arrange the teeth to be permanently engaged with the rotatable element it may initially be necessary to insert the gear element into the pivot block so that no teeth protrude, and then insert the pivot block into the rotatable element and move the gear element into its required position. A worm could be inserted into the pivot block 26 instead of using the rotating element 34; the runner would then be arranged to engage with the thread of the worm.

To open the assembled umbrella the runner 12 is slid up the lower portion 10 of the shaft towards the upper portion 14 of the shaft. By way of a bevel, or by depression of the button 20, deforming the locking member 18, the button passes over a lip 38 on the pivot block 26. The button then springs back or is released, preventing the locking member from returning over the lip 38, and thus preventing the runner 12 from sliding down the lower portion 10 of the shaft. The tabs 24 on the inner surface of the annulus at the top of the runner body engage with lugs 40 on the rotating element 34. The notch ring 22 is not rigidly attached to the runner body, as is the normal practice, but allows the runner body to rotate concentrically within it. The notch ring fits over the end of the runner body, and is held in place by a lip 42. The end of the runner body has one or more notches 44 to allow it to be compressed so that the notch ring can slide over the lip. The notch ring 22 is constrained by the stretchers to which it is attached and is thereby prevented from rotating. To close the umbrella the button 20 is depressed and

the runner 12 again passes over the lip 38.

5 If the head of the umbrella is to be tilted the runner body 16 is rotated. This in turn causes the rotating element 34 to rotate by engagement of the lugs
40 with the tabs 24. The spaces between latter are circumferentially somewhat wider than the lugs, to make it easier to insert the lugs; hence there will usually be a short free travel distance before engagement. The
10 rotation of the rotating element 34 causes the tracks in the helix 36 to ride over the teeth 30 that are engaged in the helix. The side of the gear element opposite the teeth should be a circular disc to allow free movement as the upper shaft pivots. Since the
15 gear element 28 of the upper portion 14 of the shaft is limited to moving in the plane of the teeth, the motion of the helix 36 over the teeth 30 causes the teeth to move vertically; the gear element 28 thus rotates, causing the upper portion 14 of the shaft to tilt away from the vertical if the helix is turned in one
20 direction. Thus, the head of the umbrella attached to the upper portion 14 of the shaft tilts. The maximum angle of tilt is governed by the number of teeth on the gear element 28, and the number of turns of the helix 36. For ease of use it is advantageous for the head of
25 the umbrella to be tilted fully by giving the runner body 16 two to three turns.

Preferably the gear arrangement is self-locking so that the wind cannot cause (or undo) any tilting.

30 The tilting achieved by this method is progressive and has the advantage that any degree of tilt between the vertical and the maximum angle of tilt allowed by the umbrella can be obtained. Furthermore, the method of tilting is very simple and is achieved by using an easily accessible part of the umbrella.

35 To return the umbrella to its upright position the runner body 16 is rotated in the opposite direction.

-7-

This causes the teeth 30 in the track of the helix 36 to move, causing the gear element to rotate in the opposite direction, and the upper portion 14 of the shaft to return to the vertical.

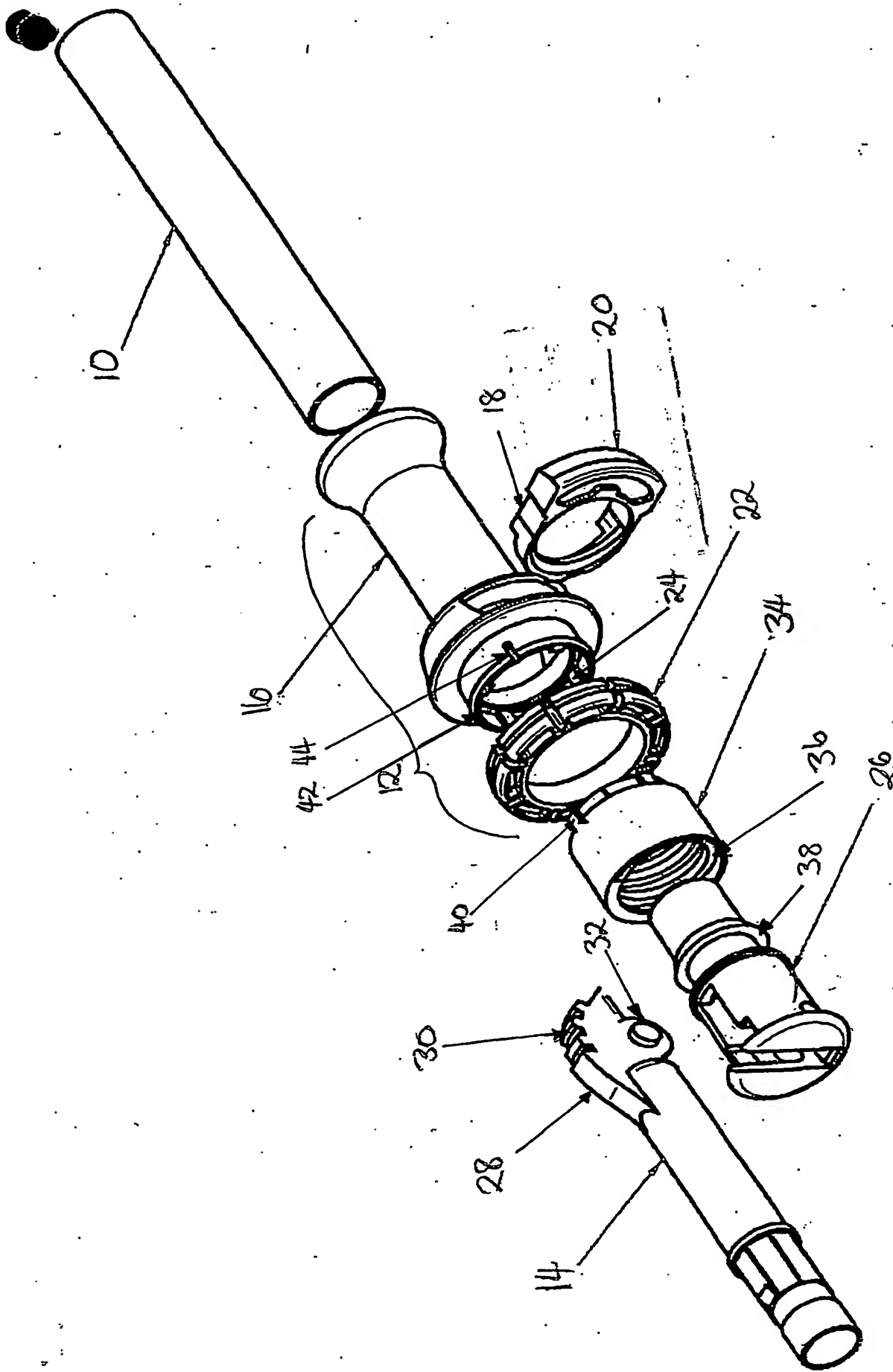


Fig 1

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